## aws summit

SAN FRANCISCO | APRIL 20-21, 2022

**CMP208** 

# The future of computational fluid dynamics in the cloud

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## Agenda

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What is CFD, and why does it matter?

- 1. Compute selection
- 2. Storage
- 3. Visualization
- 4. Cost optimization
- 5. Innovating with ML



## What is CFD, and why does it matter?

Companies need a way to assess the performance of new designs

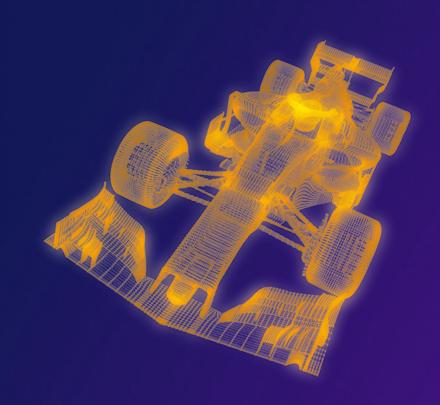
The common goal is to go from conceptual design to full design in the shortest possible time with the least expense

Physical tests are difficult; specifically, they are expensive and time-consuming

#### Formula 1 on AWS

Formula 1 designed the 2022 car using CFD models on AWS; they faced several challenges with traditional methods

- No access to wind tunnels for 12 to 24 months, only CFD
- Reduced average simulation time from 60 hours down to 10 hours using AWS



## Agility = the right tool for the job







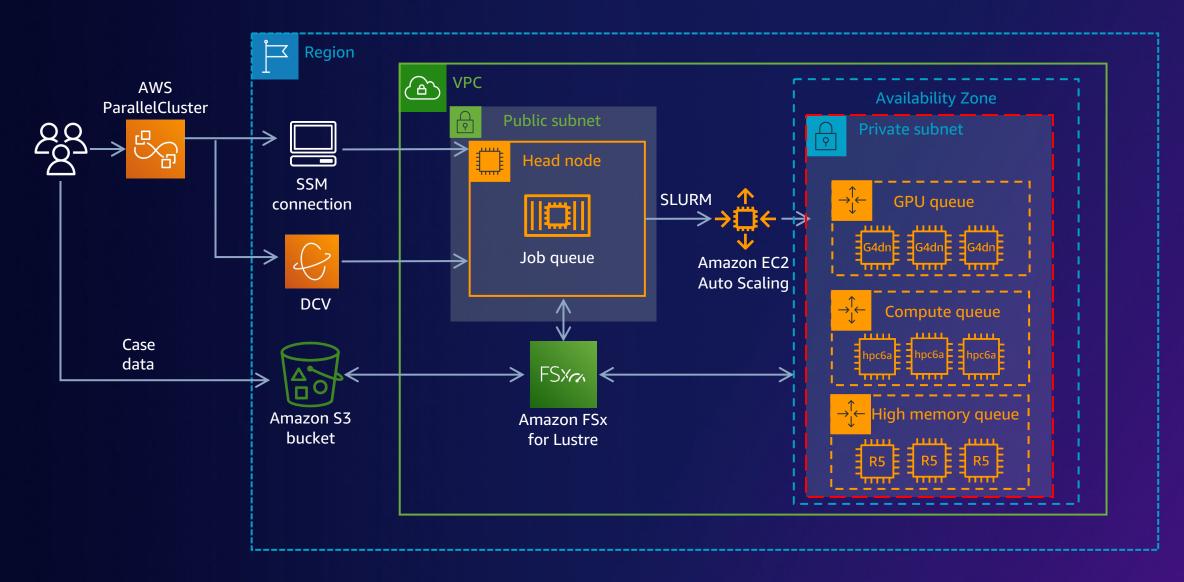




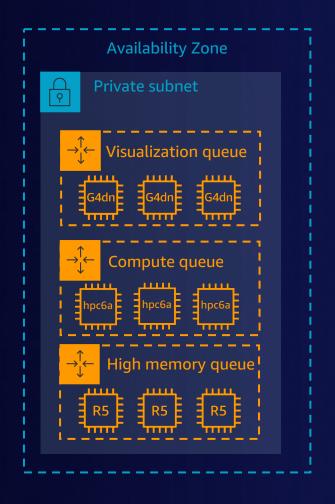
Company	Simulator	Hardware
Ansys	Fluent	CPU, GPU
Dassault	Abaqus	CPU, GPU
Siemens	STAR-CCM+	СРИ
LSTC/Ansys	LS-DYNA	CPU, GPU
OpenFOAM Foundation	OpenFOAM	CPU, GPU
COMSOL	Multiphysics	CPU
Altair	AcuSolve	CPU

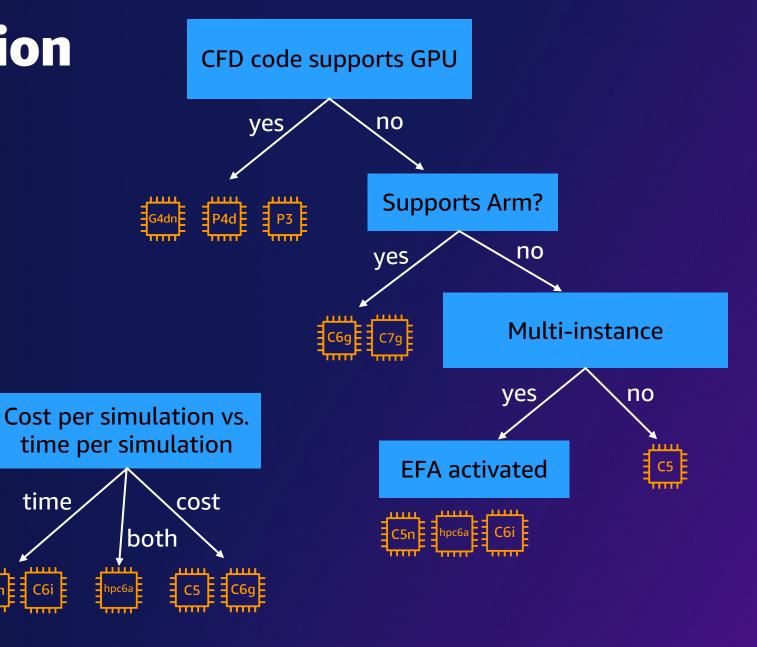


#### Reference architecture



### Instance type selection





### **Amazon EC2 Hpc6a instances**

DESIGNED TO DELIVER THE BEST PRICE PERFORMANCE FOR COMPUTE-INTENSIVE, HIGH PERFORMANCE COMPUTING WORKLOADS IN AMAZON EC2



AMD third-generation EPYC Milan processors, 96 cores, up to 3.6 GHz frequency, and 384 GB of RAM

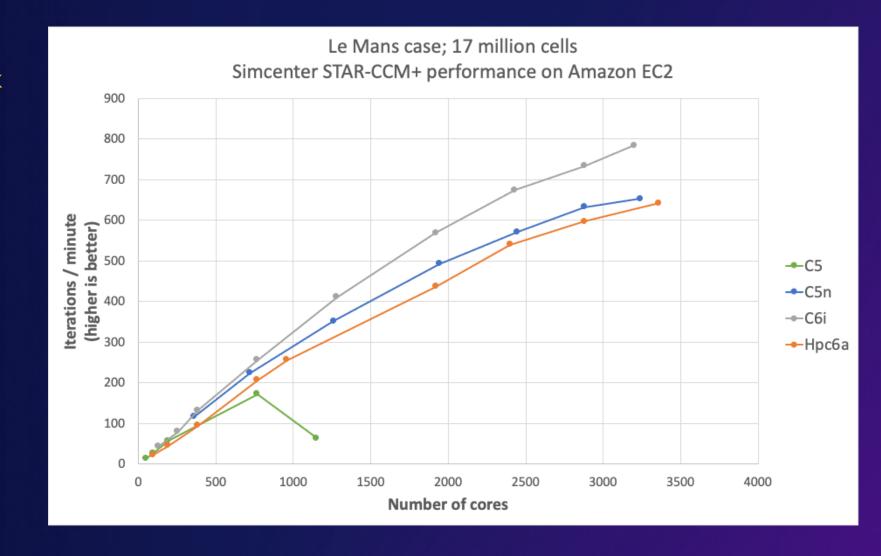
Up to 65% better price performance over comparable Amazon EC2 x86-based compute-intensive instances

Elastic Fabric Adapter (EFA) is activated by default for 100 Gbps networking for inter-instance communications

AWS Regions at launch: US East (Ohio) and AWS GovCloud (US-West)

#### Multi-node

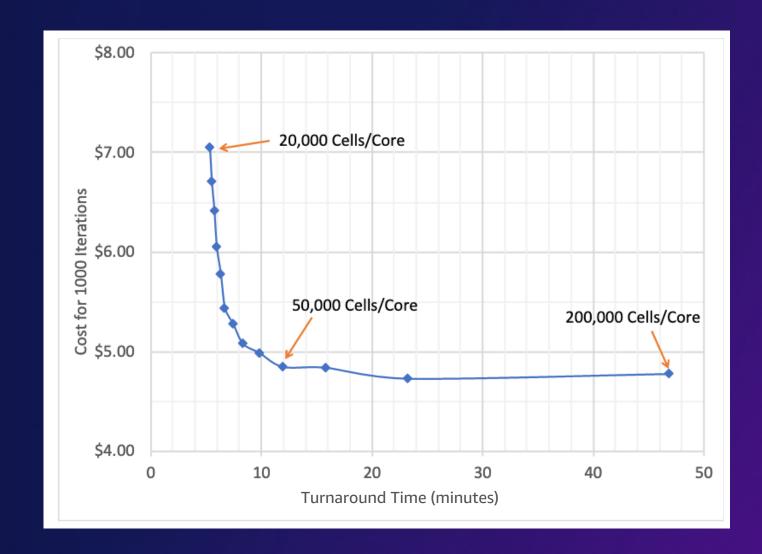
- For multi-node, the network plays a key role
- CFD splits the solution into lots of partitions and then communicates the values around neighboring cells
- Key metric is cells per core





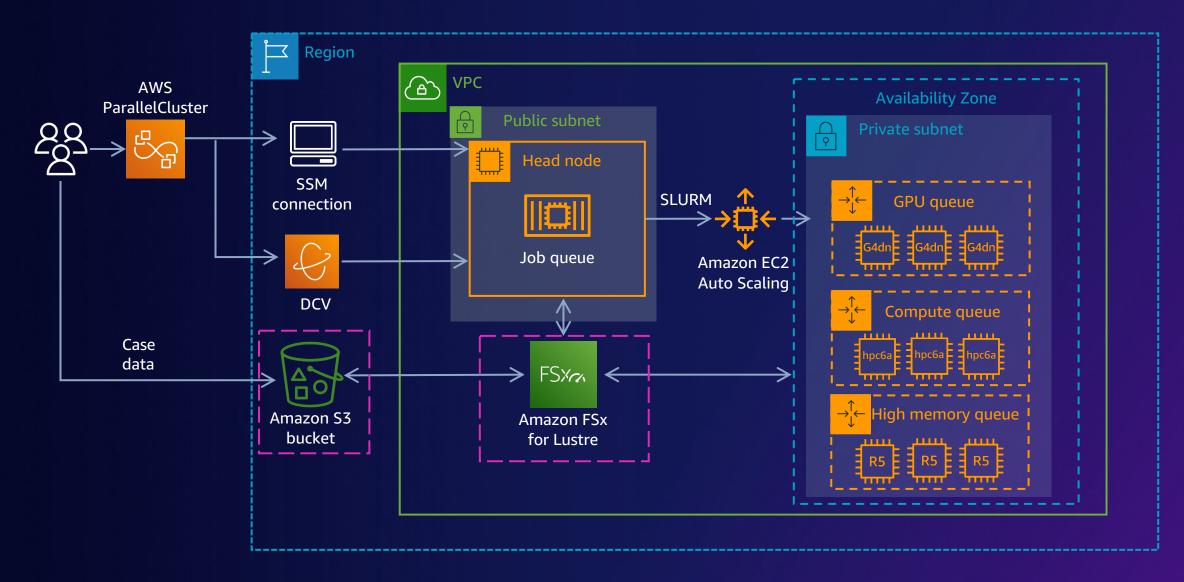
### Cells per core

To achieve best parallel efficiency, we recommend greater than 50K cells/core





#### Reference architecture

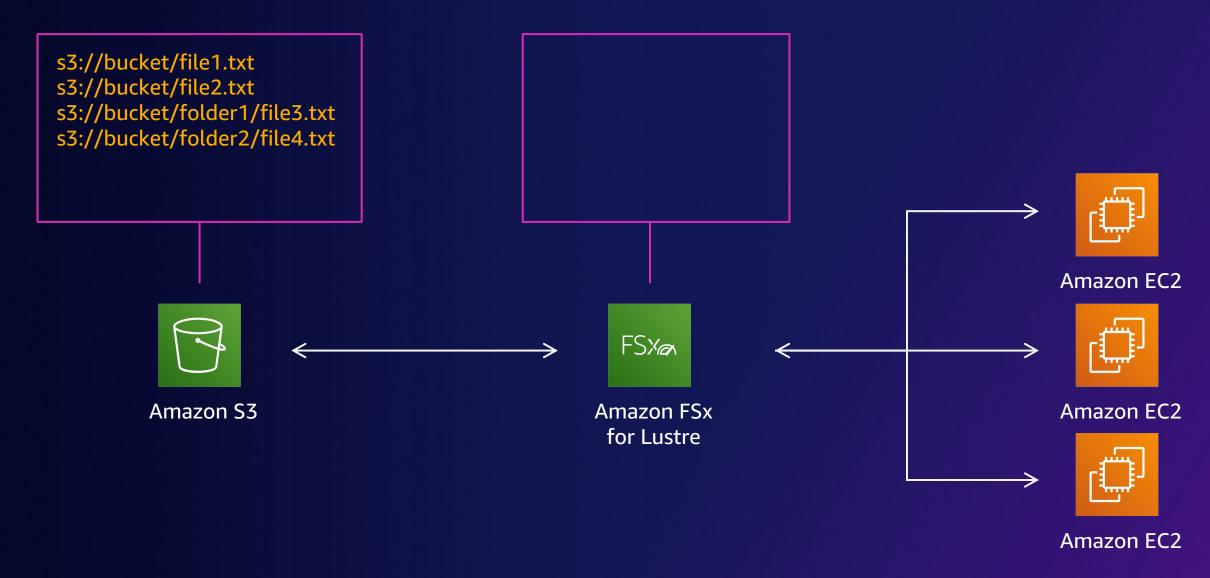


## Storage options optimized for price performance

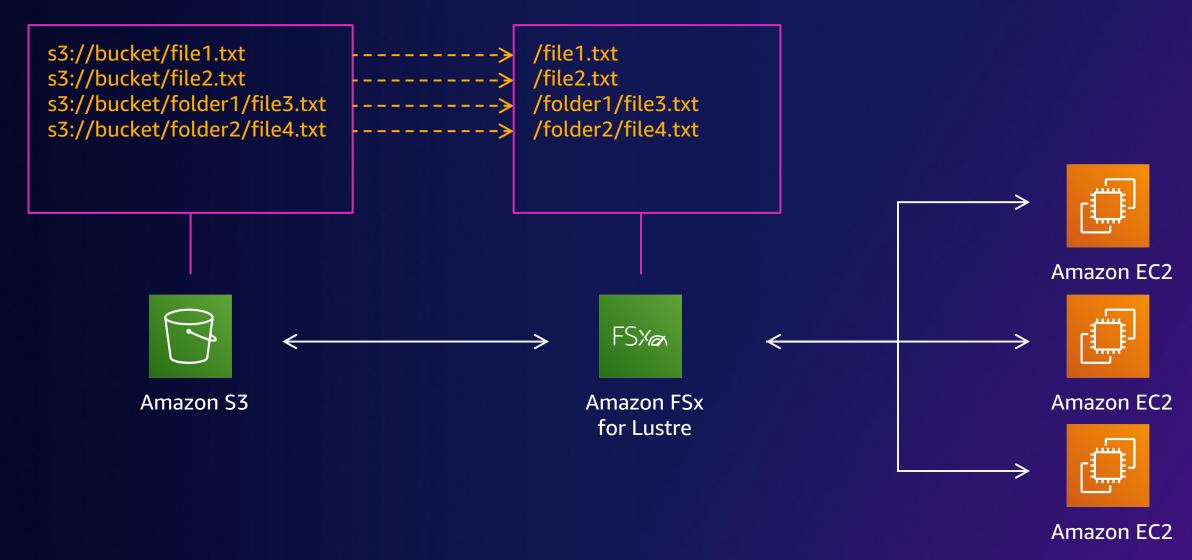
Storage type	Baseline throughput per TiB	Price per GB/s-hour		
HDD persistent	12 MB/s	\$2.85		
	40 MB/s	\$2.85		
NEW SSD persistent	125 MB/s	\$1.59		
	250 MB/s	\$1.15		
	500 MB/s	\$0.93		
	1,000 MB/s	\$0.82		



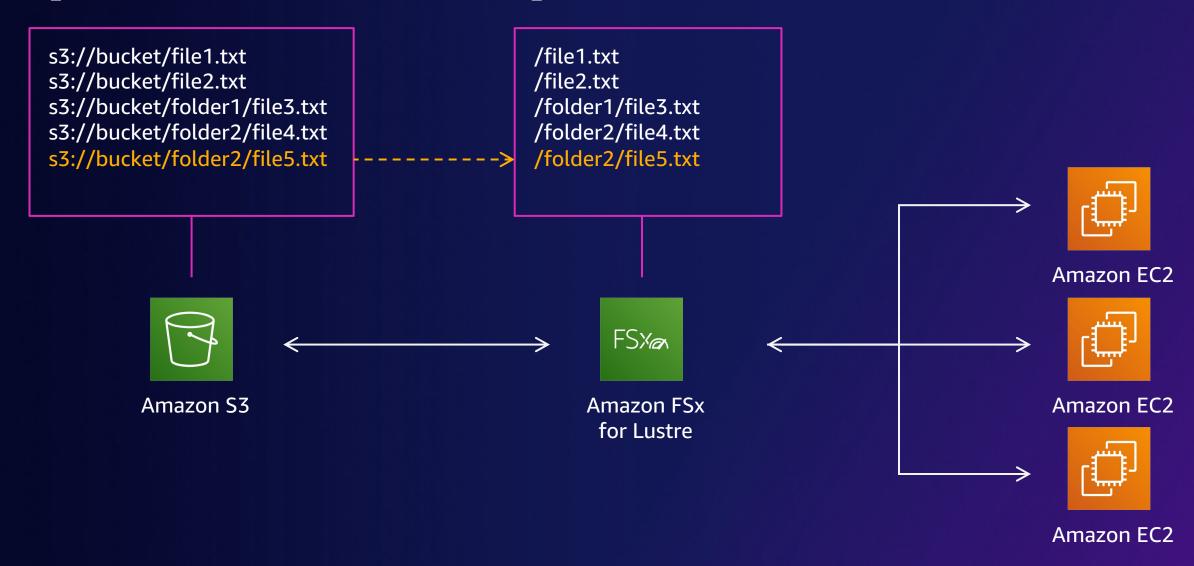
#### Fast file interface for data on S3: How it works



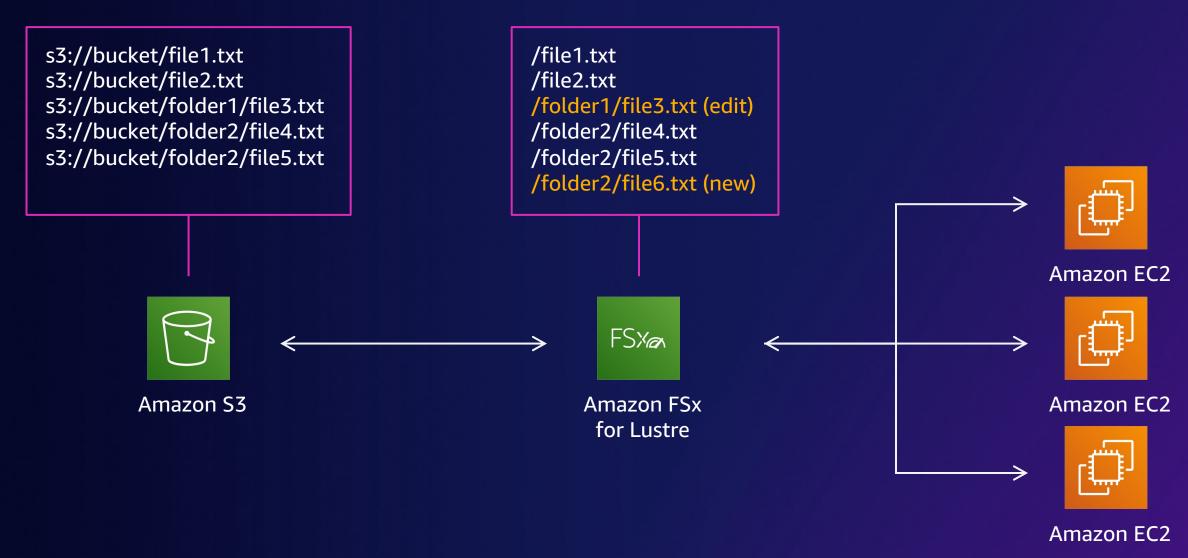
## S3 objects appear on Amazon FSx file systems



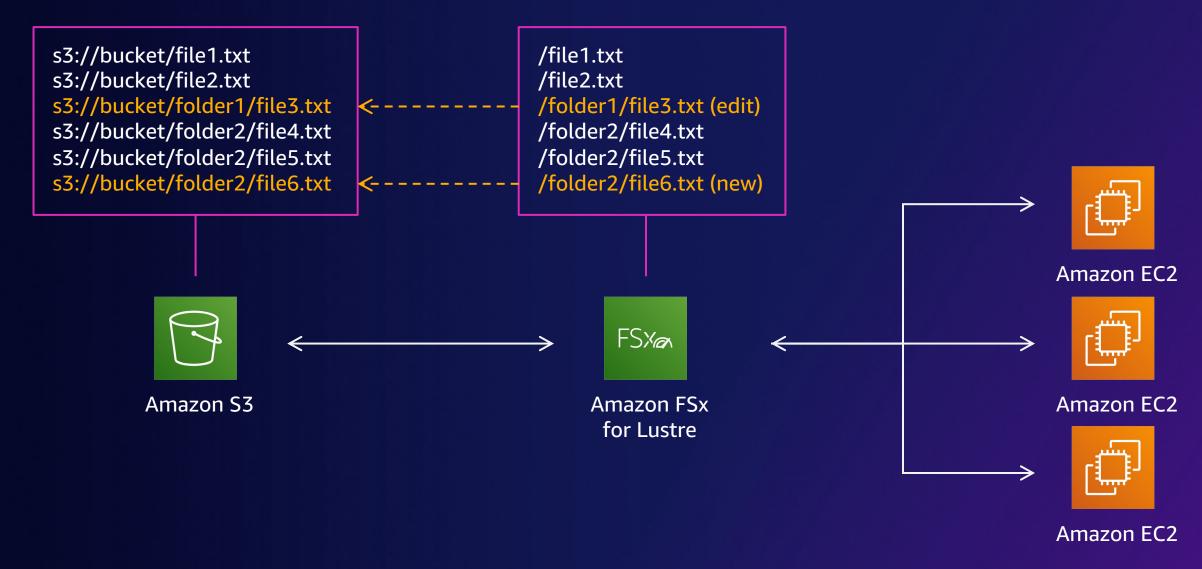
## Updates on S3 are imported to FSx for Lustre



## Updates on FSx for Lustre are exported to S3



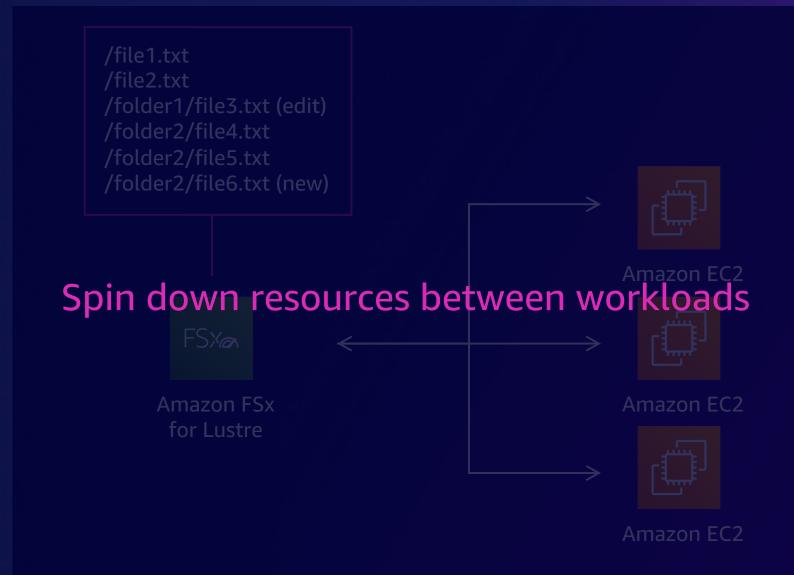
## Updates on FSx for Lustre are exported to S3



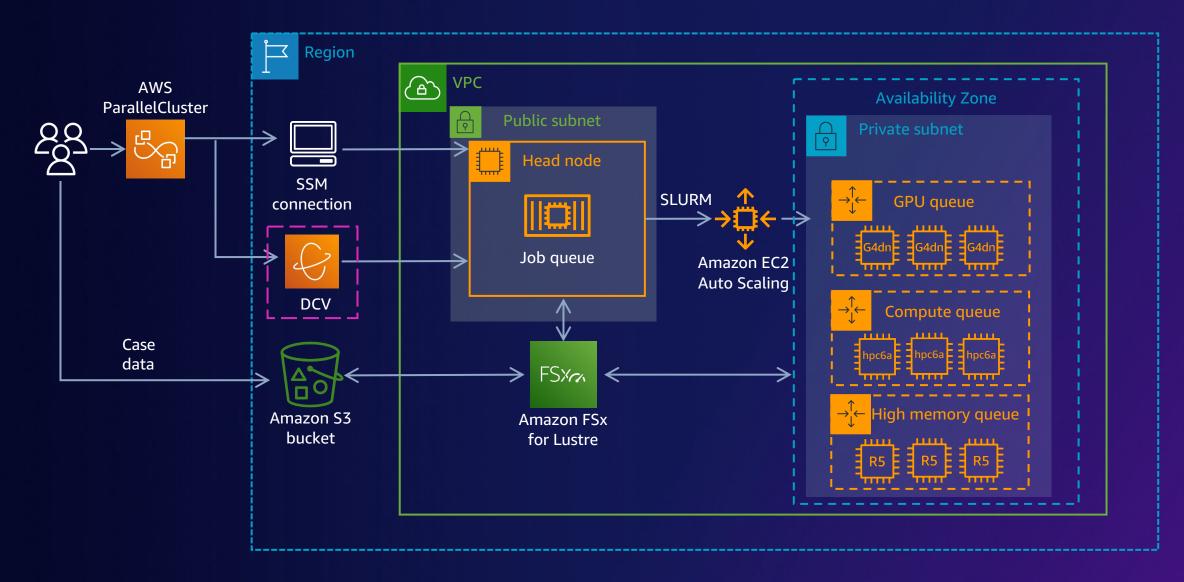
## Spin up or down with compute resources

s3://bucket/file1.txt s3://bucket/file2.txt s3://bucket/folder1/file3.txt s3://bucket/folder2/file4.txt s3://bucket/folder2/file5.txt s3://bucket/folder2/file6.txt

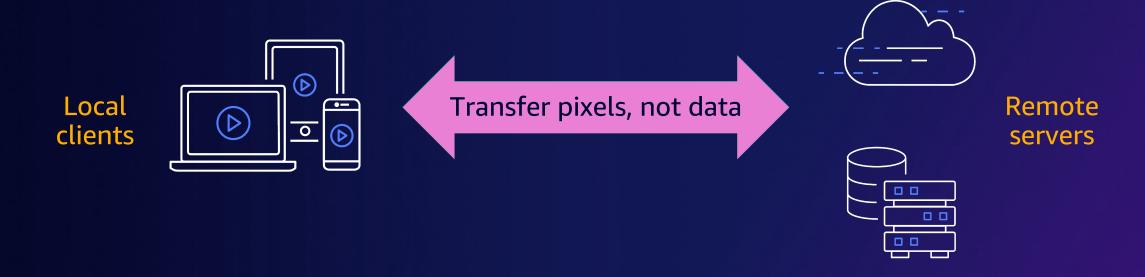




#### Reference architecture



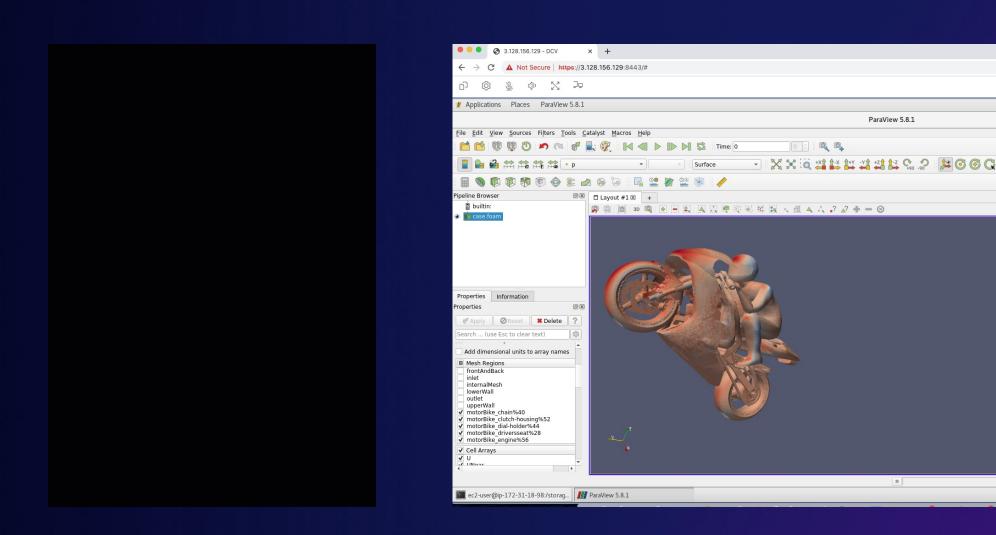
# NICE DCV encrypts and transports pixels to devices



Users can access, manipulate, and share business-critical information, regardless of their location, over LAN or WAN networks



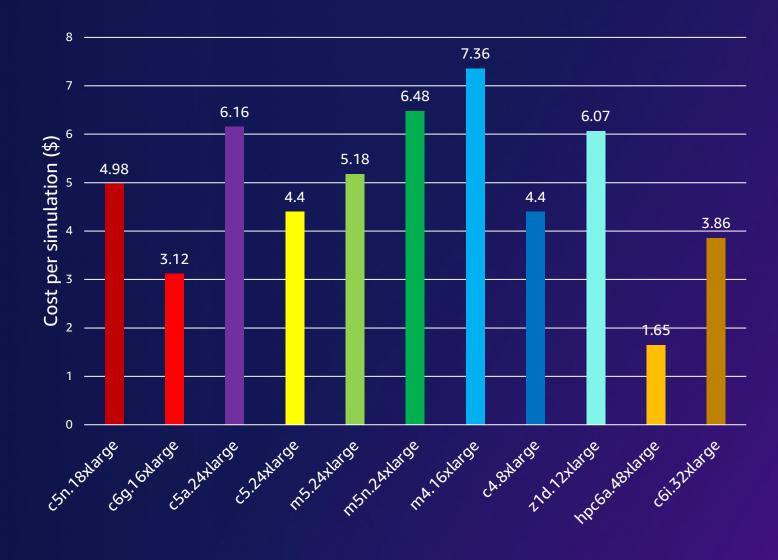
## DCV activates pre- & post-processing in the cloud





#### OpenFOAM v1912 - 4M cell Motorbike for 5000 iterations

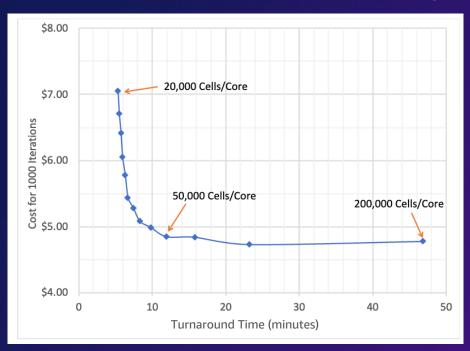
- Many users (especially commercial) want the best price/performance
- hpc6a.48xlarge is the clear winner
- c6i.32xlarge is the second best option among the x86-based instances
- c6g.16xlarge is a good second option for codes which support
   Arm



## Time to solution vs. cost per simulation

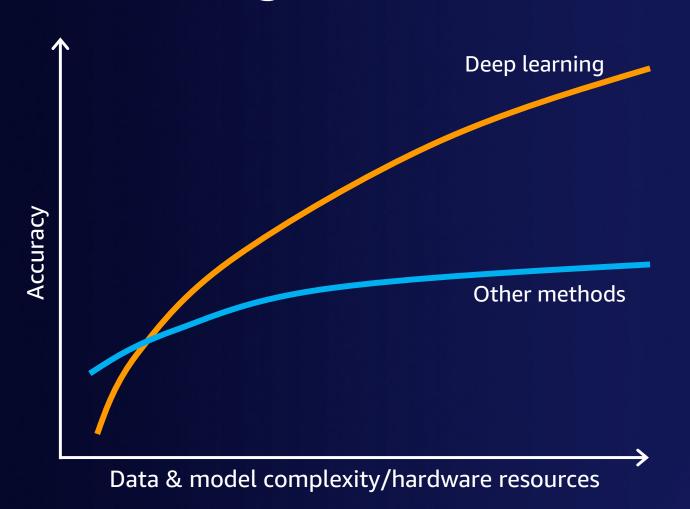
- Optimize compute instance selection and number of instances
- Choose the optimal cells/core for your model
- Optimize storage by using FSx for Lustre as scratch space and S3 for long-term storage
- Next, look at pricing models such as Spot or Reserved Instances

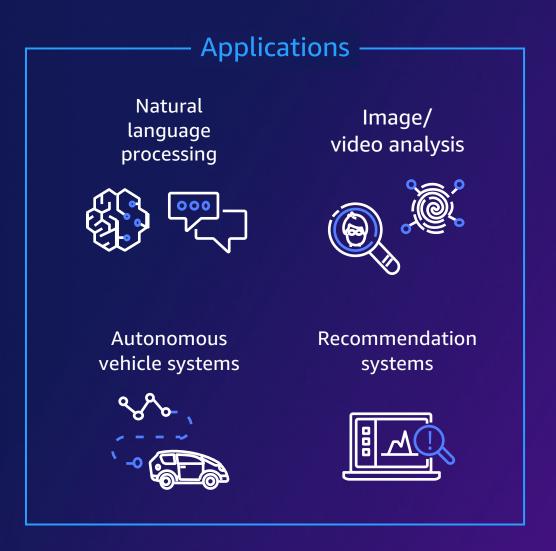
Evaluate the trade-off of time to solution vs. cost for scaling





## **Innovating with ML**





Model accuracy continues to increase with additional data



# Demonstrating ML and HPC: Extract relationships from HPC simulation results

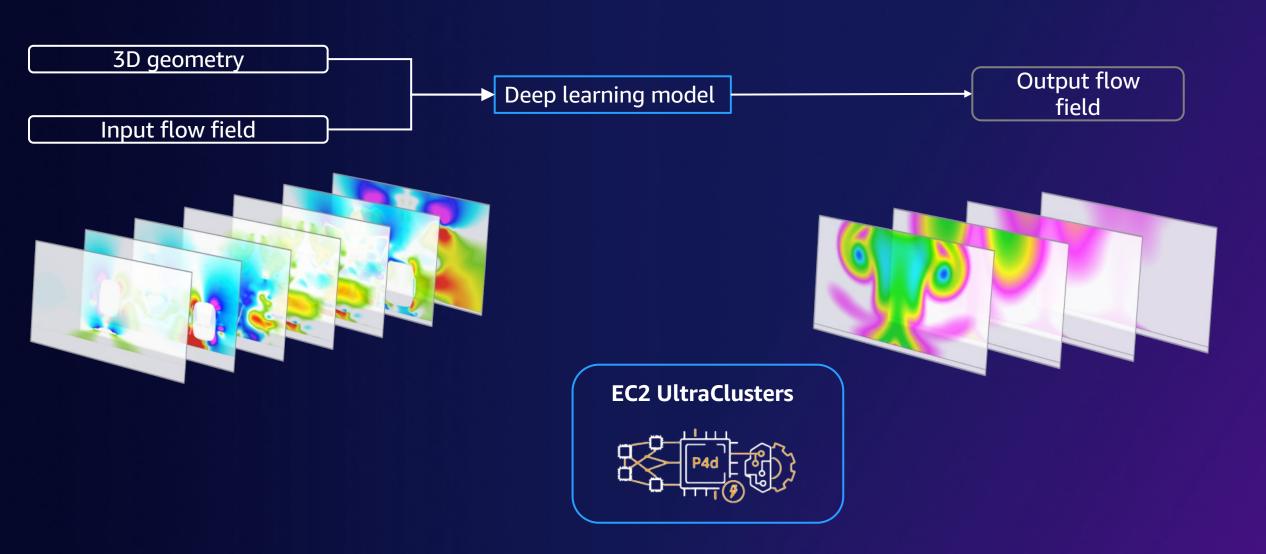


**Problem statement:** 

Determine optimal lead car features to obtain target flow profile at distance X



### **ML and HPC solution**



### **Key resources**

CFD on AWS aws.amazon.com/hpc/cfd

AWS CFD workshops cfd-on-pcluster.workshop.aws

CFD on AWS whitepaper

d1.awsstatic.com/whitepapers/computational-fluid-dynamics-on-aws.pdf

**AWS HPC Blog** 

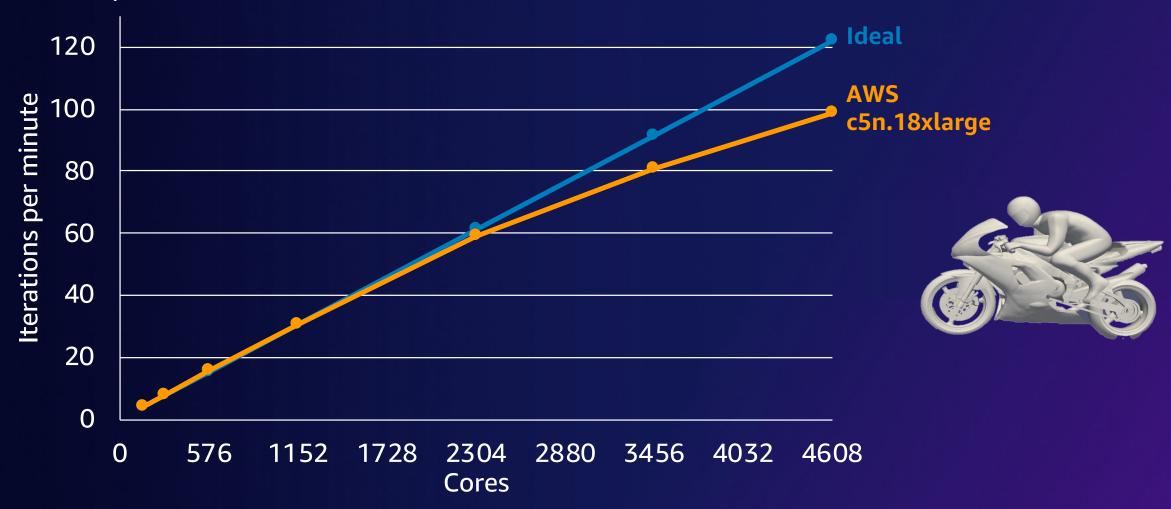
https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/hpc/

Content is being actively developed – please check back frequently



## Scaling on AWS - OpenFOAM

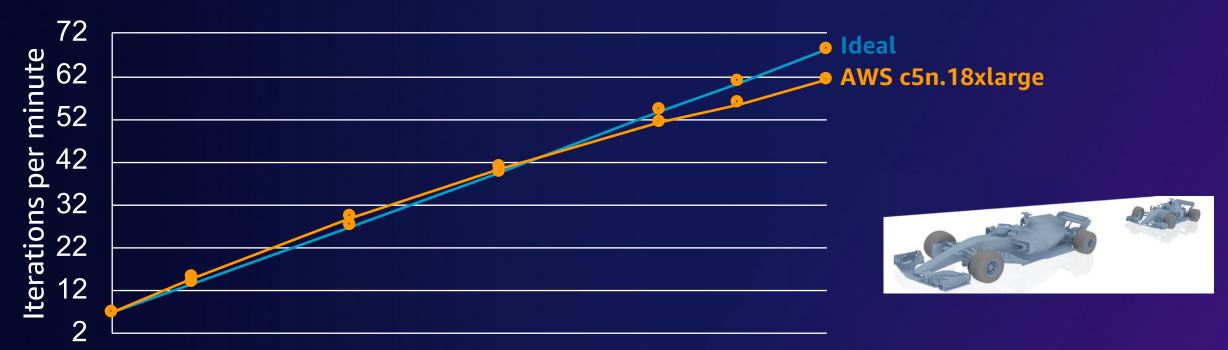
OpenFOAM v1912, motorbike (222M cells), Intel MPI 2019.6, AL2, PC2.6.1





## Scaling on AWS – STAR-CCM+

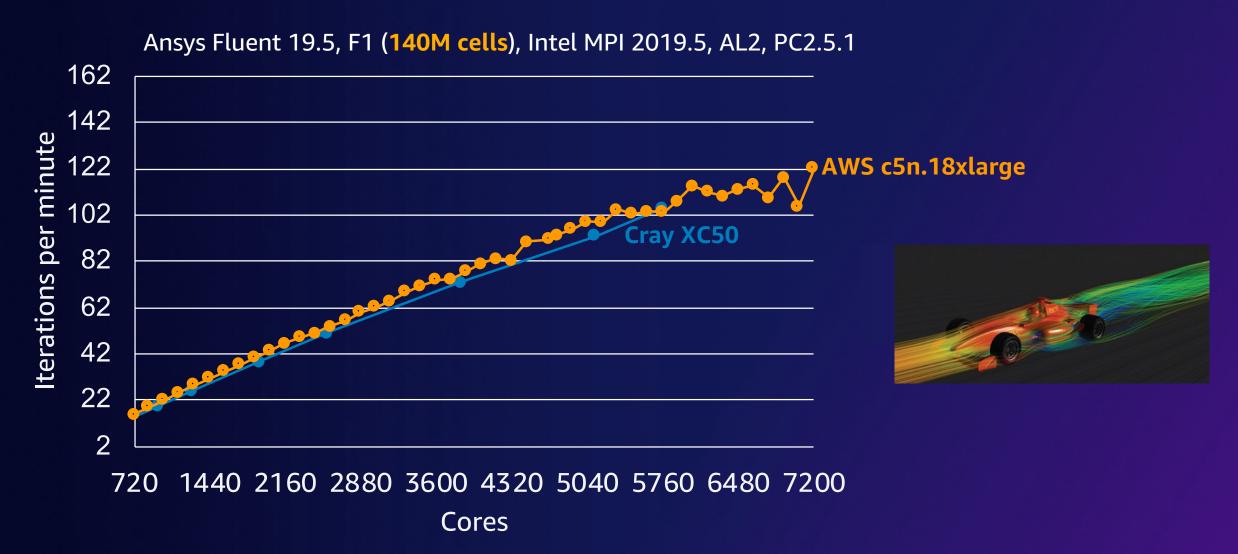
Simcenter STAR-CCM+ 2020.1, F1 (403M cells), Intel MPI 2019.6, AL2, PC2.6.1



720 1440 2160 2880 3600 4320 5040 5760 6480 7200 Cores



## Scaling on AWS – Fluent





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# Thank you!

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